

## *Utilities and Community Facilities*

### *Introduction*

A community needs a wide variety of utilities and community facilities to ensure basic health and safety needs are met, maintain a high quality of life, and promote a sustainable economy. The intent of this plan element is to provide an inventory of community facilities and services currently offered in Prairie du Chien (see Map G-1) and identify utilities and facilities needed to accommodate the City's future population and business activity. The Public Facilities Plan is intended to identify what public services should be expanded or rehabilitated and what, if any, new services should be provided to meet the community's needs. For the purpose of this plan, utilities and community facilities are defined below. it i

- ◆ Utilities/Infrastructure – the physical systems, networks and/or equipment necessary to provide for and support the basic human needs, including systems, networks and equipment, but excluding transportation infrastructure.
- ◆ Community Facilities – public buildings and grounds that provide space, services or programs that are aimed at improving the quality of life, safety, or general welfare of community residents.

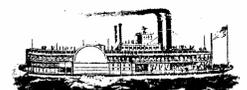
### *Wastewater System*

The location and design of wastewater treatment facilities and their collection systems both reflect and impact local development patterns. Planning for these facilities is essential for determining if, and how, a community retains the fundamental elements that make up its character and design.

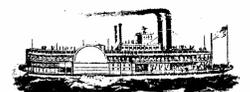
Prairie du Chien's wastewater collection system is composed of gravity sewer piping and six lift stations with force mains. Sewer pipe ranges in size from 6 inches to 24 inches in diameter, but the majority is 8 inches. There are approximately 27 miles of sewer line. The old section of the collection system, which is west of Marquette Road, was constructed with clay pipe and brick manholes. The newer parts of the system are PVC and ABS composite pipe with precast manholes. There is a section of 18-inch interceptor sewer on Main Street that is constructed of concrete pipe. There has been, and will continue to be, upgrades and improvements to the collection system.



The wastewater treatment facility (WWTF) was last upgraded in 1995, and discharges treated effluent into the Mississippi River. The influent loadings and treatment capabilities of the WWTF are listed in Table G-1. In 2003, the system had a surplus capacity of 1.0 million gallons per day. The City provides sanitary sewer service to all of Prairie du Chien and the towns of Bridgeport and Prairie du Chien.



Map G-1 existing facilities



**Table G-1. Wastewater Treatment Facility Influent Loadings and Treatment Capacities; Prairie du Chien: 2003**

|                                 | Flow                                |                      | Average Daily BOD <sub>5</sub> <sup>3</sup><br>(lb/d) | Average Daily<br>TSS <sup>4</sup> (lb/d) |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---|--|
|                                 | Average Daily<br>(MGD) <sup>2</sup> | Peak Hourly<br>(MGD) |   |  |
| Year 2002 Capacity <sup>1</sup> | 2.0                                 | 5.0                  | 2,690   | 2,080                                    |
| Year 2003 <sup>5</sup> Loadings | 0.9651                              | 3.4                  | 1,720   | 1,779                                    |

1: Source: "Performance Standards Prairie du Chien Wastewater Treatment Plant Modifications 1994", Blackhawk Engineering, 1994.

2: Million gallons per day

3: Five-day Biochemical Oxygen Demand

4: Total Suspended Solids

5: Source: 2003 WWTF Monthly Discharge Monitoring Reports

## Water System

The water supply and distribution system provides potable water and fire protection to City residents, commercial businesses, and industries. Water is obtained from the local aquifer via four wells with a combined capacity of 5,050 gallons per minute (Table G-2). The storage system consists of three water storage ground reservoirs (Table G-3). The effective storage of the system is 2 million gallons, which is 80 percent of the total storage capacity in that reservoirs are not completely full at all times.

Water is distributed to system customers through approximately 54.1 miles of watermain piping ranging from 4 inches to 12 inches in diameter. The water department maintains 298 fire hydrants, 504 main valves, and approximately 2,350 water meters.

The average daily pumpage, maximum day pumpage, and maximum day/average day ratio, as reported to the Wisconsin Public Service Commission (PSC) over the past five years are shown in Table G-4. The historical residential water demands over the past five years are shown in Table G-5. Prairie du Chien sells water to the towns of Bridgeport and Prairie du Chien to supply their water demands. The water department also supplies water to tug boats and steamboats that visit the City by way of the river.

**Table G-2. Well Capacity; Prairie du Chien: 2002**

| Well       | Capacity (gpm) |
|------------|----------------|
| Well No. 1 | 1,200          |
| Well No. 2 | 1,200          |
| Well No. 3 | 1,250          |
| Well No. 4 | 1,400          |
| Total      | 5,050          |

**Table G-3. Water Storage; Prairie du Chien: 2002**

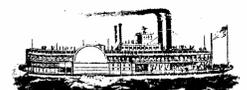
| Type                           | Capacity (MG) |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| Ground Reservoir No. 1         | 1.0           |
| Ground Reservoir No. 2         | 0.5           |
| Reservoir No. 3                | 1.0           |
| Total                          | 2.5           |
| Effective Storage <sup>1</sup> | 2.0           |

1: The effective storage is 80 percent of the total storage to account for the reservoirs not being completely full at all times.

**Table G-4. Historic Water Pumpage; Prairie du Chien: 1998-2002**

| Year    | Annual<br>Pumpage<br>(MG) | Average<br>Daily Pumpage<br>(mgd) <sup>1</sup> | Maximum<br>Day Pumpage<br>(mgd) <sup>1</sup> | Maximum<br>Day/Average Day<br>Ratio |
|---------|---------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| 1998    | 493.950                   | 1.353  | 2.3  | 1.7                                 |
| 1999    | 496.032                   | 1.359  | 3.2  | 2.35                                |
| 2000    | 535.75                    | 1.468  | 2.2  | 1.5                                 |
| 2001    | 515.6                     | 1.413  | 2.3  | 1.63                                |
| 2002    | 523.1                     | 1.433  | 2.3  | 1.6                                 |
| Average | -                         | -  | -  | 1.76                                |

1: Million gallons per day



**Table G-5. Historic Residential Water Demands; Prairie du Chien: 2000-2002**

| Year    | Population | Annual                       | Average Daily                              | Average Demand (gpcd) <sup>2</sup> |
|---------|------------|------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
|         |            | Residential Water Sales (MG) | Residential Water Sales (mgd) <sup>1</sup> |                                    |
| 2000    | 6,018      | 119.051                      | 0.326                                      | 54                                 |
| 2002    | 6,022      | 110.334                      | 0.302                                      | 50                                 |
| Average |            |                              | 0.314                                      | 52                                 |

1: Million gallons per day  
2: Gallons per capita per day

The adequacy of a water supply system can be evaluated by applying the following design criteria:

1. The peak hourly demand<sup>1</sup>, excluding fire flow demand, should be provided by well capacity.
2. The peak hourly demand plus fire flow should be available from wells and storage. This criterion addresses the worst case scenario of a fire occurring during a period of peak hourly demand.
3. An average daily demand should be available in storage.

Current water demands (year 2002) are as follows:

- ◆ Average daily demand = 1.433 million gallons (MG)
- ◆ Maximum day demand = 2.3 MG
- ◆ Peak hourly demand<sup>1</sup> = 4.6 MG = 3,194 gpm

The system is evaluated by using the Engineering Design Criteria as follows:

1. The current well capacity (5,050 gpm) is greater than the estimated peak hourly demand (3,194 gpm). Therefore, the current well capacity satisfies Criterion #1.
2. A fire flow of 4,000 gpm for 4.0 hours will be used for purposes of this plan. The Insurance Services Office (ISO) recommendations for fire flows within the City have ranged from 750 gpm to 7,000 gpm.

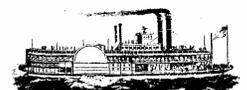
Peak hourly demand.....3,194 gpm  
 Fire Flow.....4,000 gpm  
 Well Pumping Capacity..... - 5,050 gpm  
 Rate Required for Elevated Storage..... 2,144 gpm

Volume required for elevated storage: (2,144 gpm)(4.0 hrs)(60 min/hr) = 514,560 gallons

The effective storage (2,000,000 gallons) is greater than the required storage (514,560 gallons). Therefore, Criterion #2 is satisfied.

3. The average daily demand of 1,433,000 gallons is less than the available effective storage of 2,000,000 gallons. Therefore, Criterion #3 is satisfied.

<sup>1</sup> The peak hourly demand is determined by applying a peaking factor of 2 to the maximum day pumping rate.



Volatile organic compounds (VOCs) have been detected in the water from Well Nos. 1 & 2. If concentrations of VOCs exceed the maximum contaminate levels (MCLs) as established in chapter NR809, Wisconsin State Statutes, these wells can no longer be used. If Well Nos. 1 & 2 can not be used, it is recommended that the City obtain at least 544 gpm of additional well capacity to meet Criterion #1 at the current (2002) peak hourly demand. It is further recommended that Well Nos. 1 & 2 be used as little as possible to reduce the chances of drawing more of the contaminate plume into the wells. This can be accomplished through the water system controls (SCADA system) by setting Well Nos. 1 & 2 as lower priorities than the other wells when a well is called to supply water.

### ***Telecommunication Facilities and Fiber Optics***

There are two cellular towers located east of the City. According to the Federal Communications Commission, they are owned by Alltel and U.S. Cellular Operating Company. In 2004, the City approved a site for a new cell tower on City-owned property. Telephone service within the City is provided by CenturyTel.

### ***Electrical and Natural Gas***

Alliant Energy Corporation provides electricity within the City. There are two electric transmission substations located in the City. The Brisbois substation is located in the northeast part of the City, and the Hillside substation is located in the far southeast part of the City. Electric transmission lines owned by American Transmission Company run between the two substations. Map G-1 shows the locations of these facilities. Madison Gas and Electric (MGE) provides natural gas to the area.

### ***Stormwater Management Facilities***

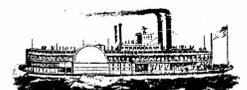
Prairie du Chien and the immediate surrounding area is within the Mississippi River watershed, and most of the storm water in the City is conveyed by storm sewers that discharge to the Mississippi River. Stormwater from the southeast side of the City is conveyed by storm sewers to detention ponds and eventually to a retention pond. The City currently has three detention ponds as follows:

1. An unnamed pond which is located west of the railroad tracks and north of Mooney Street. This pond was not designed and constructed as a detention pond, but the current land use and configuration allow it to function as one.
2. The “Campion Boulevard Detention Basin” is located at the northeast corner of Campion Boulevard and 22<sup>nd</sup> Street.
3. The “Welter Detention Basin” is located at the northeast corner of Lessard Street and 22<sup>nd</sup> Street.

“Godden Pit” is a retention pond and is located on the east side of the City at the southeast corner of the intersection of Taylor and Fremont streets.

A north-south interceptor storm sewer starts near the intersection of Marquette and 16<sup>th</sup> Street and conveys storm water from the Welter Detention Basin, and the Campion Detention Basin to the Godden Pit Retention Basin.

There are four small areas in the City that rely on French drains to convey storm water by infiltration into the underlying pervious soils.



There are five areas within the City which have had reported problems with flooding and are located as follows:

1. Blackhawk Avenue to Frederick Street, east of Marquette Road. This is an area of old storm sewer with the sewer being too shallow and undersized for current conditions.
2. La Pointe Street to Campion Boulevard west of Marquette Road. There is an inadequate amount of storm sewer in this area.
3. East of Dousman Street from Blackhawk Avenue to Webster Street. Storm sewers in Dousman Street, Webster Street and Marquette Road are undersized for the drainage area east of Dousman Street<sup>2</sup>.
4. Marquette Road near the intersection with Parrish Street. The storm sewer in Marquette Road south of Wells Street is undersized<sup>5</sup>.
5. Fowler Street and 16<sup>th</sup> Street.

### ***Solid Waste Disposal and Recycling Facilities***

Waste Management, Inc. provides weekly solid waste and recycling service. Solid waste is disposed of at Mallard Ridge Landfill in Delavan, Wisconsin. The City participates in a Clean Sweep program to dispose of hazardous household materials every four to five years.

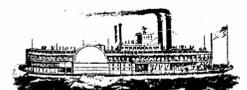
The City manages a compost site located off of Vineyard Coulee Road in La Riviere Farm Park. Waste Management, Inc. transports yard waste from residential areas to the compost site. Residents may also deposit compostable material at the site. The City operates a brush collection site on St. Feriole Island.

### ***Recreation Facilities***

One of the principle assets of a community is its recreational opportunities. Prairie du Chien has a substantial park and open space system that includes over 350 acres (Table G-6). St. Feriole Island is a major regional park, and one of the City's largest open space areas. This historic area, along with the adjacent Washington Street Park, was designated as an outdoor recreation area as a result of a Corps of Engineers floodplain relocation project. La Riviere Farm Park, in the southeastern portion of the City, is another large regional park that is managed by a City Council appointed board. There are also a number of smaller parks and trails throughout the City.

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<sup>2</sup> These problem areas were defined in the "Storm Water Master Plan" written in 1993 for the City by Vierbicher Associates, Inc. The Storm Water Master Plan also made recommendations for improvements to alleviate flooding in these problem areas (#2 & #3 page 22).



**Table G-6. Existing Parks and Trails; Prairie du Chien: 2003**

| Park/Trail                                | Location                                     | Facilities  | Acreage/Miles |
|---|--|---|---------------|
| St. Feriole Island                        | Mississippi River                            | Historic Structures, Picnic Shelters/Tables, Bike/Pedestrian Path, Marina, Event Space  |               |
| Villa Louis Historic Site                 | St. Feriole Island                           | Historic Buildings, Museum  | 4             |
| Lawler Park                               | St. Feriole Island                           | Picnic Pavilions, Playground, Public Boat Access, Public Parking  | 4             |
| St. Feriole Island Baseball Park          | St. Feriole Island                           | Baseball diamonds   | 5             |
| Charles Wacouta Aquatic Park and Fort Fun | Wells and Sixteen Streets                    | Outdoor Swimming Pool (Handicapped Accessible), Picnic Shelter, Volleyball, Playground, Horseshoe Pits  | 2             |
| Lochner Park                              | Wacouta and Wells Streets                    | Backstops, Bleachers, Picnic Shelters, Handicapped Accessible Restrooms   | 6.3           |
| Washington Street Park                    | Washington and Main Streets                  | Handicapped Accessible Restrooms, Picnic Shelter, Playground, Handicapped Accessible Fishing Platform, Beach, Small Boat Launch                   | 3             |
| Cecil F. Smith Memorial Ball Park         | Taylor and Michigan Streets                  | Softball/Baseball Field with Bleachers and Lights, Restrooms, Park Shelter, Aerobics Room, and Basketball Courts                                  | 2             |
| Fowler and 12 <sup>th</sup> Street Park   | Fowler and 12 <sup>th</sup> Streets          | Playground, Picnic Shelter, Basketball Court  | 0.9           |
| Old Rock School                           | Marquette Road and Campion Boulevard         | Historic School, Playground   | 1             |
| Lockwood Street Boat Ramp                 | West End of Lockwood Street                  | Boat Ramp, Parking  |               |
| Waterworks Park                           | Wisconsin Street and Stuart Lane             | Playground, Picnic Tables   | ½ City Block  |
| La Riviere Farm Park                      | Southeast Part of City                       | Boy Scout Camp, Primitive Camping, Horse Trails and Camp, Hiking, Biking, Cross Country Ski Trails, Toboggan Slope, Picnic Shelter, Nature Center | 300           |
| Kings Acres                               | Jackson and Wisconsin Streets                | Undeveloped   | 1             |
| Marquette Road & Parrish Street           | Marquette Road and Parrish Street            | None  |               |
| Tourist Information Center                | U.S. Highway 18 and Mississippi River Bridge | Information Center, Restrooms, Walking Path, Picnic Area  | 6             |
| B.A. Kennedy Grade School                 | 420 S. Wacouta                               | Basketball Courts, Playground, Ball Field   |               |
| Bluff View Intermediate School            | East End of Wells Street                     | Ball Diamond, Open Fields   |               |
| Hoffman Hall                              | Former Martin Luther Prep School             | Tennis Courts, Open Space, Indoor Pool  |               |
| St. John's Catholic School                |  | Playground  |               |
| St. Gabriel's Church and School           |  | Playground, Basketball Hoops  |               |
| Prairie du Chien School Forest            | State Highway 27, Eastern City Limits        | None  | 25            |
| National Guard Armory                     |  | Building, Volleyball, Basketball, Tennis  |               |
| Recreation Trails                         | Throughout the City                          | Walking, Running, Biking, Snowmobiling, Cross Country   |               |

Source: City of Prairie du Chien Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan. July 1998.



According to standards developed by the Urban Land Institute, Prairie du Chien has a large surplus of open space acreage (Table G-7). However, if the 300-acre La Riviere Park was not included in this calculation, the analysis would show a deficit of 12 acres.

**Table G-7. Parks and Open Space Capacity; Prairie du Chien: 2003**

| Amenity              | Planning Standard              | Existing Amount | Preferred Amount | Surplus/Deficit |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Parks and Open Space | 10.5 acres per 1,000 residents | 351+            | 63               | 288+            |

Source: National Recreation and Park Association standards should be used as a flexible guide and adapted to the particular needs of the community.  
Note: Professional and experts were consulted by ULI in developing these standards.

### *Library Services*

Library resources are an important part of the community base. No exact social standard can be applied to any one community as the needs and desires of citizens vary widely. The Prairie du Chien Public Library is located at 125 South Wacouta Avenue. It is part of the Southwest Wisconsin Library System that serves Crawford, Grant, Iowa, Lafayette, and Richland counties. According to standards developed by the Urban Land Institute, the library is deficient in both book stock and facility space (Table G-8).

According to the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction,<sup>3</sup> the library service population increased from 12,577 in 2000 to 12,766 in 2001. It is operated by four full-time employees and is open to the public an average of 51 hours per week. In 2001, the library housed 34,063 books and serial volumes and 69 periodical titles. There are three public computer terminals with Internet access. Many audio, electronic, and video materials are also available to patrons. The library offers many programs to adults and children. In 2001, 1,095 individuals attended those programs.

**Table G-8. Library Capacity; Prairie du Chien: 2001**

| Amenity        | Planning Standard*         | Existing Amount | Preferred Amount | Surplus/Deficit   |
|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Book Stock     | 3.5-5 per capita           | 34,063          | 44,681 – 63,830  | (10,618 – 29,767) |
| Facility Space | 0.7-0.8 sq. ft. per capita | 4,025           | 8,936 – 10,213   | (4,911 – 6,188)   |

\*Source: Urban Land Institute standards should be used as a flexible guide and adapted to the particular needs of the community.  
Note: Professional and experts were consulted by ULI in developing these standards.

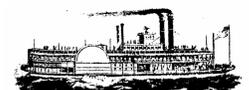
### *Police Services*

The City maintains its own local police department located at 228 North Beaumont Road. The department consists of 12 full-time and 7 part-time officers. Department equipment includes 7 police cars (Table G-9). According to standards developed by the Urban Land Institute, Prairie du Chien has a surplus of both police personnel and vehicles.

**Table G-9. Police Department Capacity; Prairie du Chien: 2003**

| Amenity   | Planning Standard* | Existing Amount | Preferred Amount | Surplus/Deficit |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Personnel | 2 per 1,000        | 19              | 12               | 7               |
| Vehicles  | 0.6 per 1,000      | 7               | 3.6              | 3.4             |

\*Source: Urban Land Institute standards should be used as a flexible guide and adapted to the particular needs of the community.  
Note: Professional and experts were consulted by ULI in developing these standards.



### ***Fire Protection***

Fire protection in Prairie du Chien is provided by a volunteer fire department located at 720 East Blackhawk Avenue. The department consists of one full-time employee and 30 volunteers. The department provides primary service within the Prairie du Chien City limits, and also provides auxiliary service throughout Crawford County and McGregor and Marquette in Iowa. Vehicles consist of three engines, one ladder, two rescues, and one squad. The department responded to an average of 58 calls per year for the past three years.

Fire departments nationwide are assigned an Insurance Service Office (ISO) rating based on their ability to respond to fire emergencies. Some factors considered in the rating schedule include ability to receive and dispatch fire alarms, number of engine companies, community water needs, and supplies. The rating is a numerical scale from 1 to 10, with 1 being the best possible rating. Insurance carriers use ISO ratings to set insurance premiums. The fire department has an ISO rating of 4.



### ***Emergency Medical Services***

The Prairie du Chien EMS Rescue Squad, located at 528 South State, consists of about 40 trained EMT volunteers. The squad has two ambulances and one rescue vehicle. Two or three EMTs respond to each of the approximately 700 calls received each year. Prairie du Chien EMS Rescue Squad serves about half of Crawford County, including Prairie du Chien and surrounding areas.



### ***Municipal Buildings***

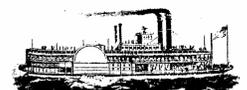
The City owns a number of municipal buildings including the City Hall, public library, police station and police storage building, fire station, street department garage, tourist information center, several buildings at the airport, water supply-related buildings, and waste water treatment facility. The City also owns a number of storage buildings and other facilities located at some of the public parks. Several historic buildings, many of which are located on St. Feriole Island, are City owned. Historic buildings are also located at La Riviere Farm.

### ***Schools***

The City is located in the Prairie du Chien Area School District. The district contains three school buildings (Table G-10). Bluff View is a new school that opened during the 1999-2000 school year. B.A. Kennedy Elementary was renovated in 2002. Classrooms were enlarged and wired for technology, and the building was made handicap accessible. The district also includes a charter elementary school located in Eastman (ECHOES), and Prairie du Chien



<sup>3</sup> Wisconsin Public Library Statistics 1996-2001. Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction.



High School. Several deficiencies were identified in these two schools. The high school has an aging roof, HVAC equipment, and flooring. It is lacking electrical circuits to classrooms and an appropriate finishing room. There is also limited on-site parking. ECHOES also has aging HVAC equipment and plumbing, is not ADA compliant, and does not have a gymnasium, library, or computer lab. Both Bluff View and B.A. Kennedy have limited on-site parking, and the roofs at B.A. Kennedy are aging.

**Table G-10. District Schools; Prairie du Chien School District: 2002-2003**

| Schools  | Location                    | Grades Served | Enrollment |
|--|-----------------------------|---------------|------------|
| B.A. Kennedy   | 420 S. Wacouta Avenue       | Pre-K – 2     | 284        |
| Bluff View Intermediate School                                 | 1901 E. Wells Street        | 3 – 8         | 482        |
| Prairie du Chien High School                                   | 800 E. Crawford Street      | 9 – 12        | 477        |
| ECHOES (Eastman Community Home Organization Elementary School) | 202 S. Main Street, Eastman | K – 5         | 51         |

Source: Prairie du Chien Area School District, Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. Wisconsin School Performance Reports.

### Child Care Facilities

In Prairie du Chien there are 19 regulated day care programs (Table G-11) and one Head Start program. A regulated program has either been licensed through the state or certified by Crawford County. A program’s capacity does not necessarily reflect the number of children that are currently enrolled. The capacity reflects the number of children the program could possibly serve at any one time. There are two categories of state licensed day care facilities that differ based on the number of children served. A Licensed Family Child Care Center provides care for up to eight children, and is often located in the provider’s home. Licensed Group Child Care Centers provide care for nine or more children, and are usually located somewhere other than the provider’s home. County certification is a voluntary form of regulation for child care programs that do not need a license. Data generally shows that childcare demand outstrips supply locally, statewide, and nationally. The cost of care plays a big part in household decisions about child care arrangements.

**Table G-11. Childcare Capacity; City of Prairie du Chien: 2003**

| Classification   | Number        |          |
|------------------|---------------|----------|
|                  | of Facilities | Capacity |
| Licensed Group   | 2             | 122      |
| Licensed Family  | 11            | 88       |
| Certified Family | 6             | 36*      |

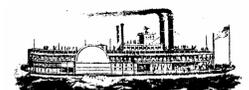
Source: Wisconsin Child Care Resource & Referral Network  
\*Note: only ½ of these children can be under age 6

### Health Care Facilities

Some communities in Wisconsin have been designated by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services as a Health Professional Shortage Area (HSPA). Either a geographic area, or a specific population can be designated as a HSPA. This designation is used to determine eligibility for at least 34 federal programs, and state loan programs. According to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services<sup>4</sup>, portions of Crawford County, including Prairie du Chien, have been designated as a Health Professional Shortage Area. About 20 percent of the U.S. population lives in areas designated as a shortage area.



<sup>4</sup> Health Professional Shortage Areas. U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Bureau of Health Professions.



Crawford County’s only hospital is the Prairie du Chien Memorial Hospital. Prairie du Chien Memorial is a not-for-profit general medical-surgical hospital located at 705 East Taylor Street. During fiscal year 2001, the hospital was set up and staffed with 43 beds, but had an occupancy rate of only 54 percent according to the Department of Health and Family Services<sup>5</sup>.

**Table G-12. Nursing Homes; Crawford County: 2001**

| Name                       | Location         | Capacity |
|----------------------------|------------------|----------|
| Prairie Health Care Center | Prairie du Chien | 98       |
| Sannes Skogdalen           | Soldiers Grove   | 66       |

Source: Wisconsin Department of Health and Family Services.

There are two nursing homes in Crawford County (Table G-12) and one of these is located in Prairie du Chien. It can serve up to 98 individuals however, 2001 statistics<sup>6</sup> show only 76 residents were served. Prairie Health Care Center employs about seven registered nurses, 16 licensed practical nurses, and 43 nursing assistants, aides, and orderlies. Prairie du Chien Memorial Hospital acquired both Prairie Health Care Center and Sannes Skogdalen in 2004.

### *Cemeteries*

There are three cemeteries located within the City. One is east of Beaumont Road between Perry Street and McLeod Street, the other is east of 15<sup>th</sup> Street between Champion Boulevard and Lessard Street. A small military cemetery is located at the Fort Crawford Military Hospital.

Some cemeteries located near the City are Calvary Cemetery and Frenchtown Cemetery, both located north of the City on County K. The Bridgeport Cemetery is located southeast of the Prairie du Chien airport off of US Highway 18.

<sup>5</sup> Guide to Wisconsin Hospitals, 2001. Wisconsin Department of Health & Family Services.

<sup>6</sup> “Profiles of Wisconsin Nursing Homes and Facilities for the Developmentally Disabled.” Wisconsin Department of Health & Family Services.

